英语写作中使用率最高的句式(下)



什么样的作文才是优秀作文呢?高分段的 作文和低分段的作文到底区别在哪里呢?以下 是短文写作中使用率最高、覆盖面最广的基本 句式,每组句式的功能相同或相似,如果将英语 写作中正确使用下述句式,成为一篇优秀的作 文势在必得。

7. 表示事实、现状

- 1) We cannot ignore the fact that...
- 2) No one can deny the fact that...
- 3) There is no denying the fact that...
- 4) This is a phenomenon that many people are interested in.
 - 5) However, that's not the case.

例如: We cannot ignore the fact that industrialization brings with it the problems of pollution. To solve these problems, we can start by educating the public about the hazards of pollution. The government on its part should also design stricter laws to promote a cleaner environment.

8. 表示比较

- 1) Compared with A, B...
- 2) I prefer to read rather than watch TV.
- 3) There is a striking contrast between them.

例如: Compared with cars, bicycles have several advantages besides being affordable. Firstly, they do not consume natural resources of petroleum. Secondly, they do not cause the pollution problem. Last but not least, they contribute to people's health by giving them due physical exercise.

9. 表示数量

- 1) It has increased (decreased) from...to...
- 2) The population in this city has now increased (decreased) to 800, 000.
- 3) The output of July in this factory increased by 15% compared with that of

January.

例如:With the improvement of the living standard, the proportion of people's income spent on food has decreased while that spent on education has increased.

10. 表示看法

- 1) People have (take, adopt, assume) different attitudes towards sth.
- 2) People have different opinions on this problem.
- 3) People take different views of (on) the question.
- 4) Some people believe that...Others argue that...

例如: People have different attitudes towards failure. Some believe that failure leads to success.

11. 表示结论

- 1) In short, it can be said that ...
- 2) It may be briefly summed up as follows.
- 3) From what has been mentioned above, we can come to the conclusion that ...

例如: From what has been mentioned above, we can come to the conclusion that examination is necessary, however, its method should be improved.

12.套语

- 1) It's well known to us that ...
- 2) As is known to us, ..
- 3) This is a topic that is being widely talked about.
- 4) From the graph (table, chart) listed above, it can be seen that ...
- 5) As a proverb says, "Where there is a will, there is a way.

例如: As is well known to us, it is important for the students to know the world outside campus.

■英语成语故事

a pig in a poke

a pig in a poke 冲动购买的 东西(a blind bargain; something that is bought without the buyer carefully examining it),这里 的poker指的是袋子。

中世纪的英国,有许多 不法分子在繁荣的市集中行 骗。卖猪的贩子,通常只会摆一 只小猪在架上,当做样品让来 往的客人看,其他的猪只则装在 袋中,购买时一手交钱,一手交 袋。通常客人购买时,都不会打 开袋子检查里面的物品,而是买 了就走,直到回了家,才发现里 面装的原来是野猫。

这句成语常和动词buy 连用,若是购买装在袋子里的 猪,也就是说不经过检查便"冲 动的购买"。而"装在袋中的 猪"便是指冲动购买的物品。

另外有一个同源成语: sell a pig in a poke/ bag, 指的是以欺骗手法出售货物,类似中文的"挂羊头卖狗肉"。

看下面例句:

It is getting popular to buy various products on the internet. However, consumers need to be careful in case they buy a pig in a poke and find no legal means of protecting their rights.

通过网络购买各类产品已渐趋流行。但是消费者要谨慎小心,以免在冲动之下购物,而没有法律途径可以保障自己的权益。

■英语练习

1. If I go there, I'll buy some flowers for my mother. (划线
提问)
youfor your mother if you go there?
2. You'll be late if you don't hurry up. (并列句) you'll be late.
3. Leave the gym during the party. (否定句) the gym during the party.
4. Mike does his best—he always works as hard as he can at school. (同义句)
Mike does his best—he always as as at
school.
5. If you eat healthy food, your body and mind will work
well. (否定句)
If you eat healthy food, your body and
mindwork well.
 What will; buy Hurry up; or Don't leave hard; possible don't; won't